IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA EASTERN DIVISION 4:12-CV-207-FL

DOUGLAS MORRIS, JR.,)	
Plaintiff,)	
ν.)	ORDER
)	ORDER
CAROLYN W. COLVIN, Acting Commissioner of Social Security,)	
Defendant.)	

This matter comes before the court on motion for attorney's fees filed by plaintiff's counsel, Ms. Janet M. Lyles, Esq., pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1). Defendant filed a response that states defendant neither supports nor opposes fees in the amount requested, but noting that the court must independently determine the reasonableness of fees requested. In this posture the matter is ripe for ruling.

BACKGROUND

In the underlying litigation, plaintiff challenged defendant's final disability decision. Plaintiff filed a complaint in this court and defendant answered. Plaintiff filed a motion for judgment on the pleadings accompanied by a memorandum of law in support thereof. Defendant filed a consent motion to remand, which the court granted, ordering that the case be remanded back to defendant for further proceedings.

On May 10, 2013, the court awarded plaintiff \$3,828.18 in attorney's fees under the Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA), 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). On May 30, 2014, defendant issued a favorable decision approving plaintiff's application for benefits, withholding in the aggregate \$16,965.75 from past due benefits due to plaintiff and his child, representing 25% of past due benefits payable to

plaintiff's attorney. Plaintiff's counsel now seeks such amount withheld per plaintiff's representation agreement attached to the memorandum in support of the motion, minus \$6,000.00 already paid for administrative work before the Social Security Administration, resulting in total fee request of \$10,965.75. In further support of the motion, counsel attaches the benefits award, as well a declaration and description as to attorney time spent in this matter, totaling 30.20 hours attorney time before this court. Counsel states that upon receipt of the § 406(b) fee award, counsel will reimburse to plaintiff the amount that counsel previously received as part of counsel's request for EAJA fees.

DISCUSSION

Section 406(b) provides that "[w]henever a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant ... who was represented before the court by an attorney, the court may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such representation, not in excess of 25 % of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment." 42 U.S.C.A. § 406(b)(1)(A). The Supreme Court has held that "§ 406(b) does not displace contingent-fee agreements as the primary means by which fees are set for successfully representing Social Security benefits claimants in court. Rather, § 406(b) calls for court review of such arrangements as an independent check, to assure that they yield reasonable results in a particular case." Gisbrecht v. Barnhart, 535 U.S. 789, 807 (2002).

"[A] reduction in the contingent fee may be appropriate when (1) the fee is out of line with 'the character of the representation and the results . . . achieved,' (2) counsel's delay caused past-due benefits to accumulate 'during the pendency of the case in court,' or (3) past-due benefits 'are large in comparison to the amount of time counsel spent on the case." Mudd v. Barnhart, 418 F.3d 424,

428 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting <u>Gisbrecht</u>, 535 U.S. at 808). In reviewing the request for fees, a "reviewing court should disallow 'windfalls for lawyers.'" <u>Gisbrecht</u>, 535 U.S. at 808 (quoting <u>Rodriguez v. Bowen</u>, 865 F.2d 739, 747 (6th Cir. 1989)).

Although there is no bright-line test for determining whether a fee will result in a "windfall," this court has considered several factors, including "(1) whether the attorney's efforts were particularly successful for the plaintiff, (2) whether there is evidence of the effort expended by the attorney demonstrated through pleadings which were not boilerplate and through arguments which involved both real issues of material fact and required legal research, and finally, (3) whether the case was handled efficiently due to the attorney's experience in handling social security cases." Perrigo v. Astrue, 5:08-CV-626-FL, 2012 WL 3903896 *4 (E.D.N.C. May 22, 2012) (quotations omitted); Abernathy v. Astrue, No. 4:08-CV-99-FL, 2011 WL 488657, at *2 (E.D.N.C. Feb. 7, 2011); see Mudd, 418 F.3d at 428 (identifying factors relevant to reasonableness as "the overall complexity of the case, the lawyering skill necessary to handle it effectively, the risks involved, and the significance of the result achieved in the district court.").

In this case, the court finds the fee reasonable based on consideration of all these factors. The fee is in line with the contingency-fee character of the representation and the results achieved, where counsel achieved a successful remand resulting in an award of benefits for plaintiff. Counsel did not unreasonably delay during the pendency of the case in court. The record evidences significant effort by counsel through pleadings which were not boilerplate, and through arguments which involved both real issues of material fact and required legal research. In addition, counsel evidences efficient handling of this case through experience in other social security case representation.

In sum, the court finds reasonable the \$10,965.75 in fees requested in this case. Accordingly,

plaintiff's counsel will be awarded fees in this amount where they fall within the statutory maximum

of 25 % of the total benefits awarded, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b). Where counsel was awarded

prior EAJA fees, counsel will be required to "refund[] to the claimant the amount of the smaller fee,"

already received. Gisbrecht, 535 U.S. at 807.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, plaintiff's counsel's motion for approval of attorney's fees is

ALLOWED in the full amount requested of \$10,965.75. The Commissioner shall release to

plaintiff's counsel the sum of \$10,965.75 as attorney's fees for services rendered before this court.

Counsel shall refund to plaintiff \$3,828.18, the amount awarded pursuant to EAJA.

SO ORDERED, this the 30th day of October, 2014.

LOUISE W. FLANAGAN

United States District Judge

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